GPA-705H Graffiti Blast

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 05/26/2019

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product Identifier

Product Name: **GRAFFITI Blast**

Product Number: GPA-705H

Recommended Use: Paints/Graffiti,also Removes Heavy Carbon Deposits

Uses Advised Against: For Industrial and Institutional Use Only

Manufacturer/Supplier: GREEN POWER CHEM SCIENCES
P.O. BOX 507
Stanhope NJ, 07874
(800) 932-9371

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Corr. 1A H314

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe dust/mist/spray
P264 - Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor
P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label)
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Product identifier	%
2-butoxyethanol	(CAS No) 111-76-2	5-20
Diethylene glycol methyl ether	(cas)111-77-3	10-20
potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions	(CAS No) 1310-58-3	1 – 5
Sodium Hydroxide 50%	(cas) 1 3 1 0 -73-2	1-10
Mono Ethanolamine	(CAS No) 141-43-5	10-20
Surfactant Blend	Mixture	1-10
Metal Protector	Blend	1-10

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not breathe dust/mist/spray. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	20 ppm
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	240 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm

potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr
USA ACGIH		

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	3 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	3 ppm
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & skin irr
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm

sodium hydroxide, conc=50%, aqueous solution (1310-73-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection protective gloves.

Eye protection	:	Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	:	Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	:	Wear appropriate mask.
Other information	:	Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Yellow or Blue
Odor	:	Butyl
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	13
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	212 - 220 °F
Flash point	:	≥ 200 °F
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Non Flammable
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	Same as water
Relative density	:	1.03
Solubility	:	Soluble in water. Water: Solubility in water of component(
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	:	Not classified

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LD50 oral rat	530 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; 1746 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	435 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; 435 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Weight of evidence; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2.17 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 2.35 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	450 - 486 ppm/4h 450-486,Rat

Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether			
diethylene glycol monoethyl ether 111-90-0	= 1920 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4200 µL/kg (Rabbit) = 6 mL/kg (Rat)	> 5240 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h

potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)	
LD50 oral rat	273 mg/kg (Rat)
ATE US (oral)	273.00000000 mg/kg body weight

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LD50 oral rat	1720.00000000 mg/kg body weight
LD50 dermal rabbit	1018 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
pH: 13

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
pH: 13

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LC50 fish 1	116 ppm (96 h; Cyprinodon variegatus; Nominal concentration)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1700 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia sp.; Nominal concentration)
LC50 fish 2	1341 ppm (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 Daphnia 2	1720 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)
TLM fish 1	100 - 1000,96 h; Pisces
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	100 - 1000,96 h
Threshold limit algae 1	900 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)
Threshold limit algae 2	35 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)

Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether

Chemical Name	Algae/Aquatic Plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
diethylene glycol monoethyl ether 111-90-0	Not Available	11400 - 15700: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 11600 - 16700: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 10000: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 19100 - 23900: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 13400: 96 h Salmo gairdneri mg/L LC50 flow-through		3940 - 4670: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)	
LC50 fish 1	28.6 mg/l (24 h; Pisces; Pure substance)
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	100 - 1000 mg/l (96 h)
LC50 fish 2	80 mg/l (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Pure substance)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	100 - 1000,96 h

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LC50 fish 1	150 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	140 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	329.16 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
TLM fish 1	100 - 1000,96 h; Pisces
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	100 - 1000,96 h
Threshold limit algae 1	0.97 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Inhibitory)
Threshold limit algae 2	35 mg/l (72 h; Algae)

sodium hydroxide, conc=50%, aqueous solution (1310-73-2)	
LC50 fish 1	45.4 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	100 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Pure substance)
LC50 fish 2	189 mg/l (48 h; Leuciscus idus)
TLM fish 1	125 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Pure substance)
TLM fish 2	99 mg/l (48 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Pure substance)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	100 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Pure substance)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether (111-90-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test) data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.71 g O2 /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.20 g O2 /g substance

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
ThOD	2.305 g O2 /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.31 % ThOD

potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the components available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#13	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Log Pow	0.81 (Experimental value; BASF test; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	0.027 N/m (25 °C)

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : NA1760 Compounds, cleaning liquid Contains Potassium Hydroxide, 8, II

UN-No.(DOT) : 1760

DOT NA no.	:	NA1760
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	:	Compounds, cleaning liquid Contains Potassium Hydroxide
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	:	8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Hazard labels (DOT)	:	8 - Corrosive

DOT Symbols	:	D - Proper shipping name for domestic use only, or to and from Canada,G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
Packing group (DOT)	:	II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. N37 - This material may be shipped in an integrally-lined fiber drum (1G) which meets the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter, the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter at the packing group assigned for the material and to any other special provisions of column 7 of the 172.101 table. T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively. TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	:	40 - Stow ‘‘clear of living quarters’’

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

Transport document description :

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

potassium hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not listed on the United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	1000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 08/15/2014

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

Personal Protection : B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product